



# Team and Triage and Treatment Urgent Matters Grant

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*The Science, Art and Business of Patient Care*

# BestPractices, Inc.

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- **Creating the FUTURE of Emergency Medicine**

**The SCIENCE of Clinical Excellence**

**The ART of Customer Service**

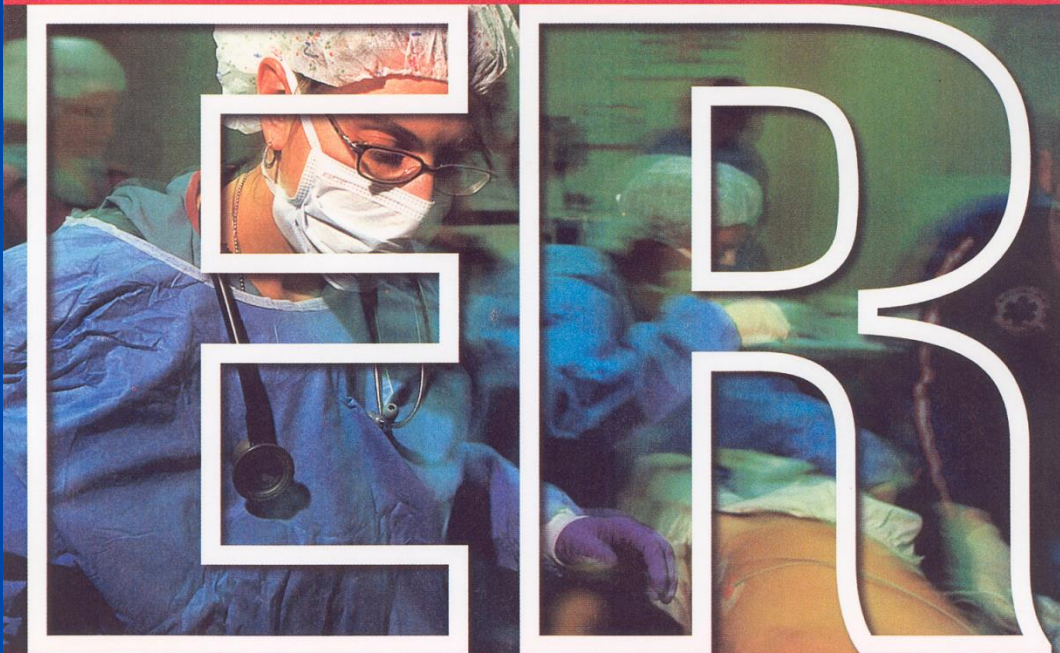
**The BUSINESS of Execution**



THE HANSEN MOLE HUNT • DODGING THE DOW

**U.S. News** & WORLD REPORT  
SEPTEMBER 10, 2001 [www.usnews.com](http://www.usnews.com)

# CRISIS IN THE



**Turnaways and huge delays are a surefire recipe for disaster. What you can do**



*Business of Patient Care*



**Inova AirCare , Inova Health Systems, Falls Church, VA  
responding to the Pentagon on September 11, 2001**



*The Science, Art and Business of Patient Care*

# Ground Zero Redux 10/19/01



Gram Stain of Blood Culture at 11 Hours of Growth Showing Prominent Gram-Positive Rods, Later Confirmed as *Bacillus anthracis* Original magnification  $\times 40$ . Mayer et al *JAMA*. 2001;286:2549-2553

# Walking the Tightrope: The State of the Safety Net in 10 US Communities

- The emergency department “frequently serves as the safety nets’ ‘safety net’ seeing individuals who have nowhere else to go for timely care.”



# Robert Wood Johnson

## Urgent Matters

- **Team Triage and Treatment**
- **Adopt-A-Boarder/Code Omega**



# Team Triage and Treatment

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- 79% of the time at IFH/IFHC, there are more of them than there are places to put them
- Advisory Board data-21% is national average
- This is a daily occurrence at virtually (literally?) all safety net hospitals
- Nonetheless, the times, types and acuity of such patients are relatively known by PI data
- T3 deploys personnel and process to address this issue in a replicable fashion





# Team Triage and Treatment (T3)

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- Intriguing concept-if Team Triage, not MD
- Clearly, the patient doesn't think the ED visit starts until they see 'the Doctor'
- Early trials showed promise and problems
- Promise-the patients loved it and a lot of care and testing was obviated
- Problems-the nurses HATED it-because there was no one to DO the stuff that the MD generated



# T3 Personnel-Philosophy

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- Emergency Physician
- Emergency Nurse
- Scribe
- Tech-Sec
- Registrar
- Begin the evaluation and Treatment at the Point of Contact



# T3

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- Addresses capacity constraints creatively by “moving upstream” in the process in a dramatic fashion-forward deployment of resources
- Requires “catching the ball” in the back
- Requires not just bodies, but fundamental change in resources, processes, and philosophy
- Registration is a key stakeholder and must be involved early



# T3-Hypotheses

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- **Patient Satisfaction Will Improve**
- **Employee Satisfaction Will Improve**
- **For T3 patients, Turn Around Times Will Decrease**
- **Patients leaving before treatment (LWBS) will decrease (79% - no room assignment)**
- **T3 will, at worst, be revenue-neutral**
- **Patient Safety may improve**
- **The impact will disproportionately be on E/M 3-4**



# T3- Data Sources

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- Patient Satisfaction
- Employee Satisfaction
- TurnAround Time
- LWBS
- Revenue impact
- Patient Safety
- Patient Acuity
- 100% Patient Survey
- 100% Staff Survey
- 100% Chart Review
- 100% Chart Review
- Cost-benefit analysis
- Occurrence reports
- E/M code reports



# T3 Obstacles

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- Places
- Registration
- Personnel
- Processes
- Philosophy
- 2 beds and hallway
- COWS/QuickReg
- MD
- RN
- Scribe, registrar, sec/tech
- Balls in the air
- LBJ's wisdom



# T3 Implementation

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- Weekly “Blasts” to provide consistency and promote problem identification
- 10 hour shifts, from 1000 to 2000, to match peak flow, based on Performance Improvement data
- Over 150 hours of T3 provided, in total
- “Downloads” on each shift to assess problems and fix them “on the fly”
- Fully implemented, an average of 4.7 patients per hour were seen



# T3 Results-Patient Satisfaction

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- Overall Experience-Triage
  - 81% Outstanding
  - 13% Very Good
  - 6% Good
- Seeing MD in Triage
  - 86% Outstanding
  - 7% Very Good
- Overall ED Experience
  - 86% Outstanding
- Amount of Time in ED
  - 87% Appropriate, 13% Somewhat too long
- Return/Loyalty
  - 100%





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## Conclusion ?

Regarding patient satisfaction, team triage was an overwhelming success !



# Staff Satisfaction

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- ED Runs More Smoothly
- Less Stress in “Back”
- Beneficial to Patients
- Beneficial to Staff
- MD-100% SA/A
- RN 86%SA/A-14%DA
- MD-13% SA, 87% A
- RN-71%SA/A, 29%DA
- MD-56% SA, 44% A
- RN-86%SA/A, 14%DA
- MD-33% SA, 67% A
- RN-86%SA/A, 14% D



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## Conclusion?

**With regard to staff satisfaction, MDs were more satisfied than RNs, but both were in agreement that T3 was a success, particularly for the patient.**



# Turn Around Time

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- Total TAT decreased 46 minutes (from 330 to 284) or a 15 % reduction
- This is the TOTAL reduction for ALL ED patients
- TAT for T3 patients decreased from 330 minutes to 118 minutes, or a 64% reduction in TAT
- 34% of T3 patients were “treated and streeted” (NOT triaged away-treatment completed at triage)



# Abdominal Pain Subset

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- Time to pain treatment decreased by 94 minutes
- 27% of all T3 patients had either an abdominal CT or pelvic US
- Time to completion of study declined 157 minutes
- Possible additional capacity effect



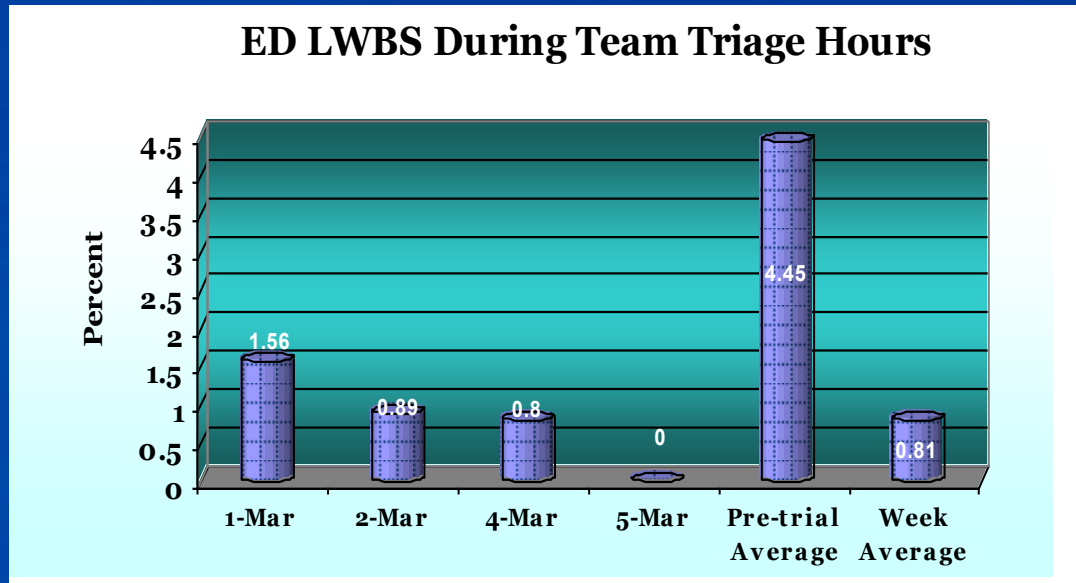
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## Conclusion?

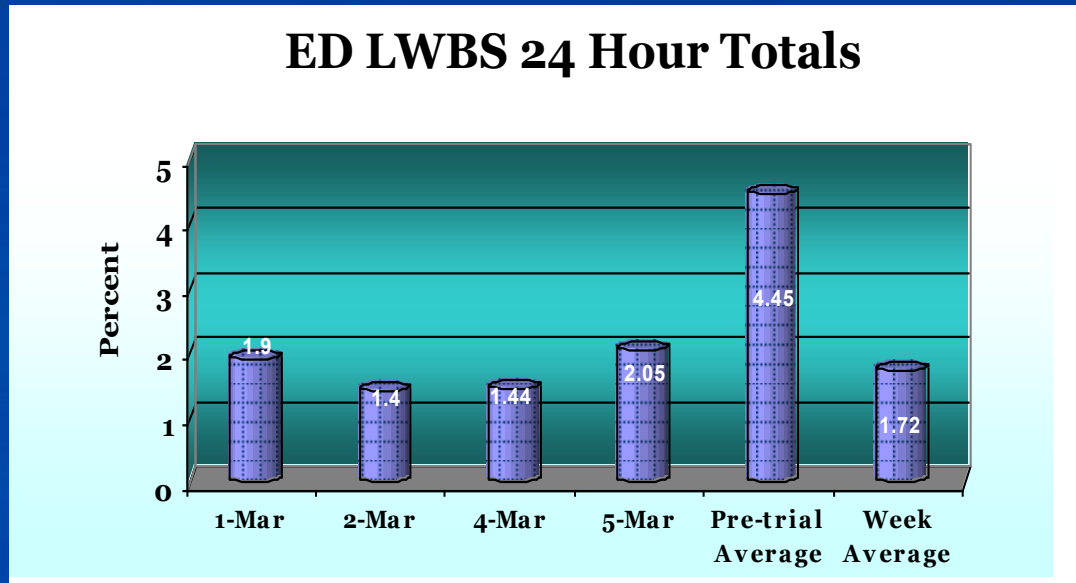
**Team Triage had a dramatic effect on TAT, even during hours and for patients when T3 was not in operation.**



# LWBS Decreased from 4.45 to 0.81 During T3 Hours



# LWBS Decreased from 4.45 to 1.72 for the Entire Day





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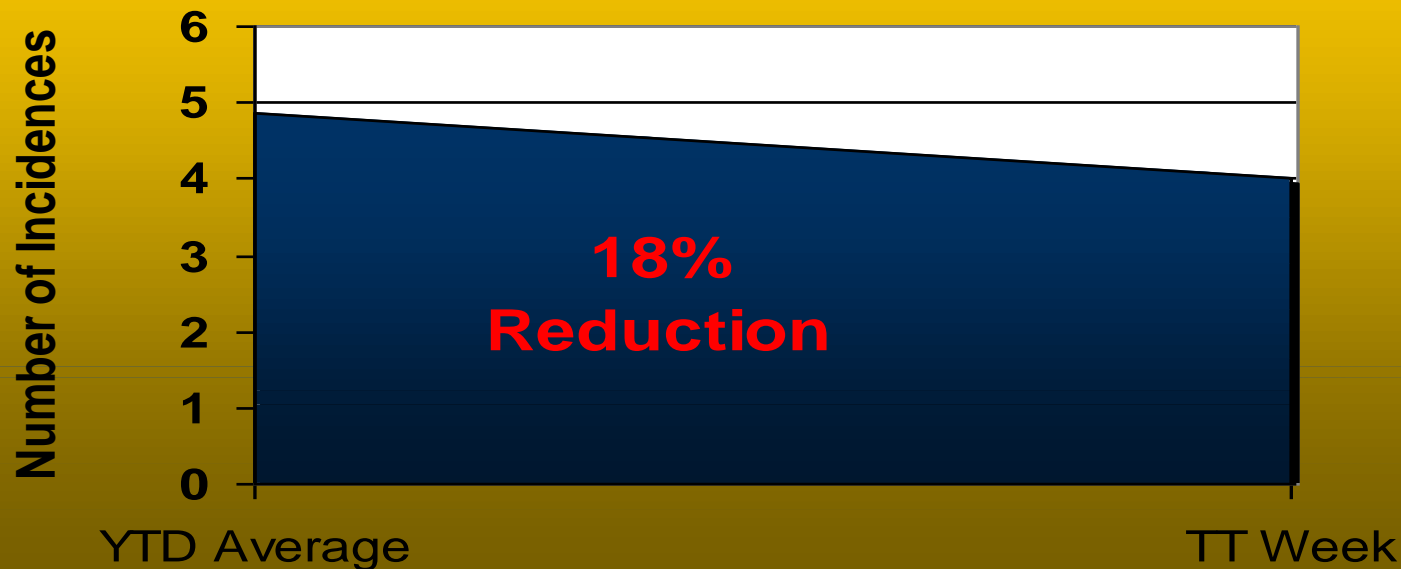
## Conclusion?

**LWBS declined dramatically both during T3 hours and throughout the day, increasing revenue capacity.**



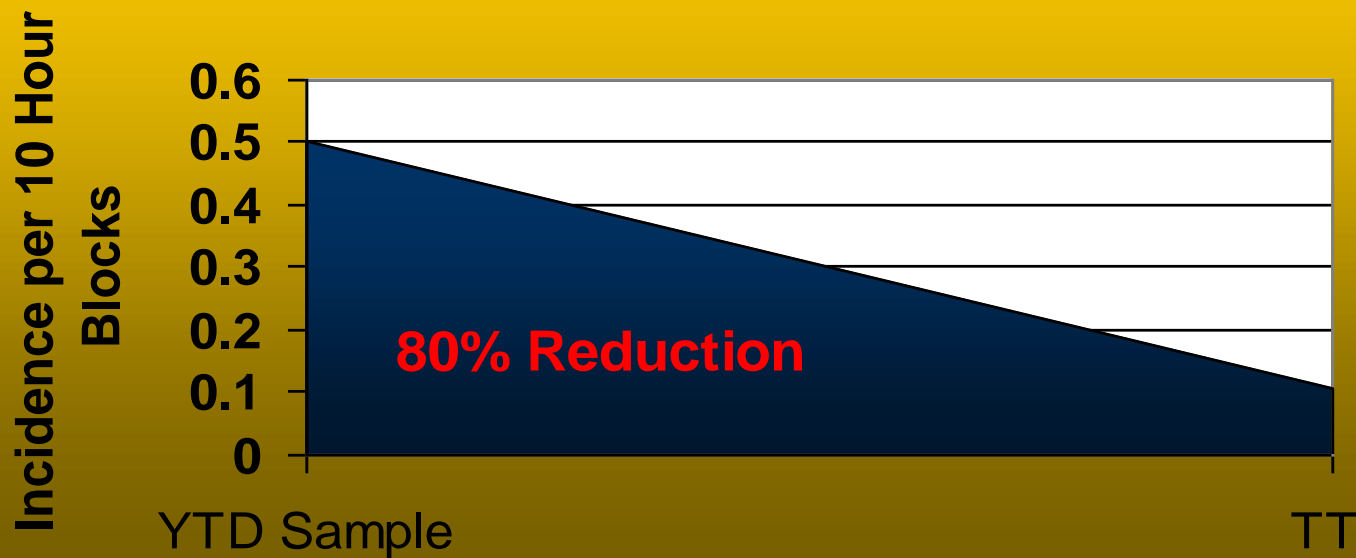
# Patient Safety

## Patient Safety Analysis By 4 Day Average



# Patient Safety

## Patient Safety Hourly Analysis During TT Hours



# Conclusions?

## Patient Safety

- Patient safety occurrences decreased by 14% during team triage trials
- Patient satisfaction clearly played a role as well
- The sustainability of these improvements will need to be studied



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## Conclusions?

**Patient acuity at Team Triage was weighted neither toward E/M 1-2 (Fast Track) patients or E/M 5 (Critical) patients, but towards those with E/M 3-4 levels**



# Financial Impact

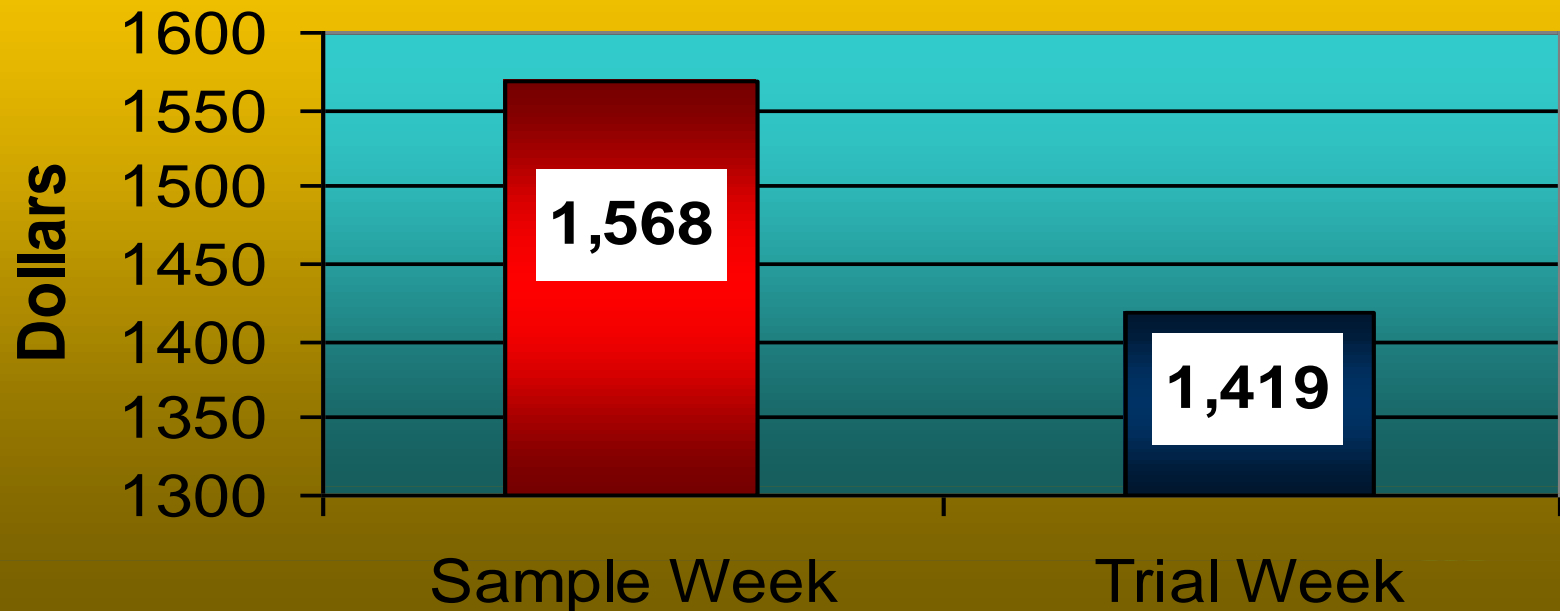
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- Calculating overall financial impact is a complex equation involving facility fees, laboratory and imaging components, professional fees, payer mix, LWBS, and TAT/census data, at a minimum
- That said, our analysis focused on the number of LWBS patients, which is hard data on finances

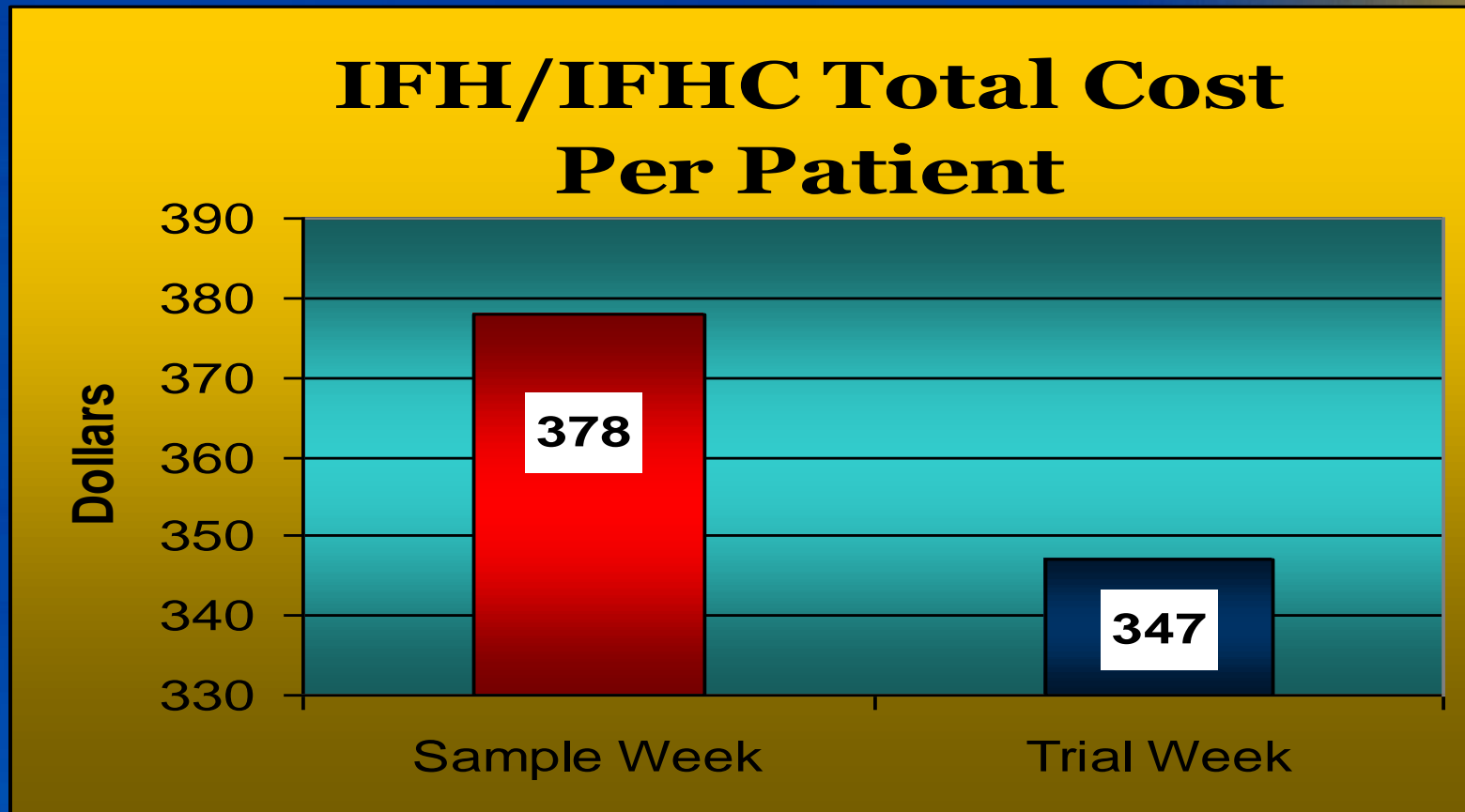


# Team Triage Cost Analysis

## IFH/IFHC ED Charges Per Patient



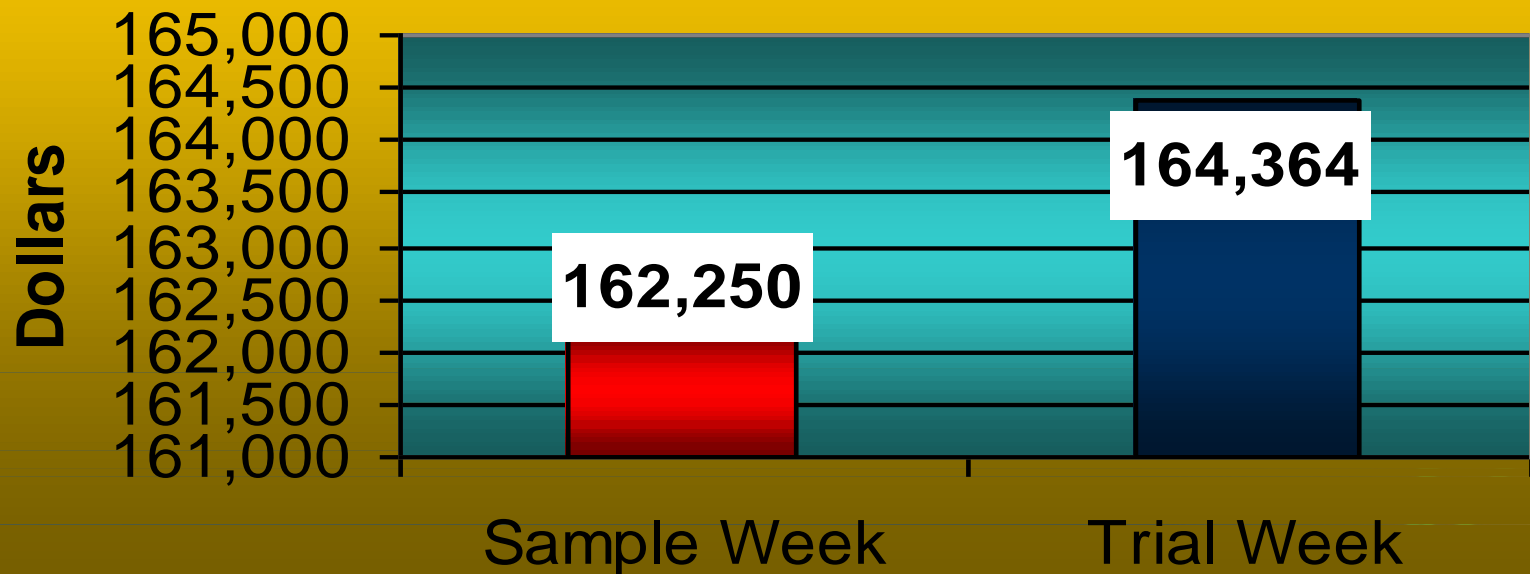
# Team Triage Cost Analysis





# Team Triage Cost Analysis

## IFH/IFHC Total Revenue



# Financial Impact

## Facility and Ancillary Components

- 34% of patients were “treated and streeted,” reducing both facility and ancillary charges and costs
- Senior ED MDs were used in T3, who order less lab and imaging studies
- LWBS reductions resulted in ~6 additional patients per day being seen
- ED estimates are that 1.5 additional admissions were generated each day by T3 (\$8,000 profit per patient)



# Financial Impact

## Professional Fees

- Team Triage dramatically increased the “asset velocity” of MD’s, from 1.9 new patients per hour to 4.8 at peak times, with a mean of 3.7
- The payer mix for LWBS shows that the payer mix is improved, as LWBS patients have an improved payer mix



# Financial Impact

## Facility and Ancillary Components

- Facility charges and costs were up by ~8% per patient, but this compares to an overall ED average as control
- 34% of patients were “treated and streeted,” reducing both facility and ancillary charges and costs
- Senior ED MDs were used in T3, who order less lab and imaging studies
- LWBS reductions resulted in ~6 additional patients per day being seen
- ED estimates are that 1.5 additional admissions were generated each day by T3 (\$8,000 profit per patient)
- Costs were \$1750 per shift, additional revenues increased by \$3650 per shift
- ROI = 200%



# Conclusions? Overall Financial Impact

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- **Combining facility, ancillary, professional fee, payer mix and admissions data indicates that Team Triage has had a positive financial impact, while improving asset velocity, patient satisfaction, and employee satisfaction**
- **Further exegesis of the data will be necessary for improved granularity**
- **Team Triage has a positive ROI in a level I Trauma Center, Safety Net ED with ~50% collection rate**
- **It appears that Team Triage is a compelling strategy for Safety Net hospitals**



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# Team Triage and Treatment Grade? A++



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**Thank You!**

